

Affiliated With



ASA REGISTERED BASIC KEELBOAT SAILING EXAMINATION

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IMPORTANT - READ PRIOR TO OPENING THIS BOOKLET

IF THIS EXAM IS BEING TAKEN OUTSIDE AN ASA AFFILIATED SAILING SCHOOL IT IS AUTOMATICALLY INVALID. CONTACT THE ASA IMMEDIATELY AT (310) 822-7171

One examination booklet is assigned each candidate. An *original numbered* examination booklet is required to obtain your certification. If this booklet is not an original or has been used, STOP and contact your instructor for a new booklet.

You MUST print your name below and complete contact information on the back cover of this exam so that your test can be processed - then wait for your instructor to advise you before opening this booklet.

NAME	DATE
NAME OF INSTRUCTIONAL FACILITY	
NAME OF INSTRUCTOR	
©200E American Coiling Associa	stion T 404 A 04/07/05

©2005 American Sailing Association **T 101 A 04/07/05** 5301 Beethoven Street, Suite #265, Los Angeles, CA 90066 (310) 822-7171

INSTRUCTIONS FOR TAKING THIS EXAMINATION

- 1. This Examination is a prerequisite for Certification to the Basic Keelboat Sailing Standard which includes the National Safe Boating Certification. Your examination consists of two parts: Part A -Written Examination of Sailing Knowledge and Part B - Examination of on-the-water Sailing Skills. Both parts must be satisfactorily completed prior to awarding Certification. If there is a delay in completing one of the two parts, the remaining part must be fully completed within 12 months of the date the first part was completed.
- 2. Part A consists of 130 questions. Tear the back page from this test booklet, complete the information block and use the answer sheet to indicate your answer choice. Please fill in the circle completely and erase any changed answers. Read each question carefully, take your time and use your best judgement in marking the correct answer. A passing score of at least 80% is required.
- 3. Part B contains 62 items of boat handling skills for you to demonstrate to your ASA Instructor. Your instructor will place a checkmark in the appropriate box when you have satisfactorily performed the task required. To achieve Certification you must attain 100% on Part B.
- 4. To enhance your educational experience you are entitled to review the questions and your answers with the Instructor. If you choose to do so, inform your Instructor so that a mutually convenient time can be arranged.
- 5. Should you fail either or both parts of your examination, you may arrange for retesting. Consult your Instructor or school for details.

Part A: Examination of Sailing Knowledge (ASHORE KNOWLEDGE)

Identify the following parts of a sailboat on the diagrams: (Questions 1-16) 2. Keel В 3. Cabin 4. Bow 6. Stern **Questions 7-12** Answers 1-6

Answers 13-16

Answers 7-12

Questions 1-6

- 1. Lifelines

- 5. Stern Pulpit

- 7. Bow Pulpit
- 8. Shroud
- 9. Gooseneck
- 10. Mast
- 11. Headstay/Forestay
- 12. Spreader

Questions 13-16

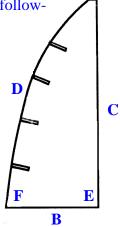
- 13. Deck
- 14. Traveler
- 15. Boom
- 16. Backstay

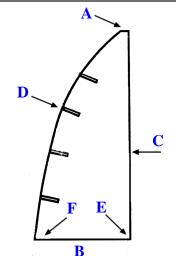
Using each answer only once, identify the following parts

of the sail below:

Questions 17-22

- 17. Clew
- 18. Tack
- 19. Head
- 20. Luff
- 21. Leach
- 22. Foot





Use the diagram to the left to indicate where each item below is <u>attached or located</u>: (you may use answers more than once)

Questions 23-26

- 23. Bolt Rope
- 24. Battens and batten pockets
- 25. Halyard
- 26. Outhaul

Using answers only once, match the following sail types with the most accurate definition below:

- 27. Mainsail A. A balloonlike sail used when running downwind
- 28. Spinnaker B. A large headsail that extends aft of the mast
- 29. Jib C. The primary source of sail power attached along the aft edge of the mast
- 30. Genoa D. The sail set near the bow that does not extend aft of the mast

Definitions

Using the answers only once, match the following definitions with one of the terms listed below:

- 31. Windward A. The right side of the boat when facing the bow while aboard
- 32. Port B. The side of the boat further from the wind
- 33. Starboard C. The left side of the boat when facing the bow while aboard
- 34. Leeward D. The side of the boat closer to the wind
- 35. Astern E. The area at a right angle (90 degrees) to the boat's keel
- 36. Abeam F. The area behind the boat
- 37. Heel A. Wind comes over the port side of the boat
- 38. Beam B. Action of boat leaning caused by the wind
- 39. Starboard tack

 C. At or toward the stern
- 40. Aft D. Measurement of the greatest width of the boat
- 41. Forward E. At or toward the bow
- 42. Port tack F. Wind comes over the starboard side of the boat
- 43. Helmsman A. Cables that support the mast(s)
- 44. Ahead B. Assist in the operation of the boat
- 45. Crew C. Responsible for the safe operation of the boat
- 46. Skipper D. Area in front of the boat
- 47. Running rigging E. Sheets, halyards and other lines that control sails
- 48. Standing rigging F. Steers the boat

Page 4

ASA Basic Keelboat Sailing Examination

- 49. Tacking/coming about A. Changing tacks so that the stern passes through the wind
- 50. Jibing B. Flapping of the sails
- 51. Sailing by the lee C. Turning the sailboat toward the direction of the wind 52. Heading up D. Changing tacks so that the bow crosses through the wind
- 53. Bearing away E. Sailing on a run, with the mainsail on the windward side of the boat
- 54. Luffing F. Turning the sailboat away from the direction of the wind

Functions

Using the answers in each group only once, match the following items on a sailboat with the appropriate functions below:

- A. Provides mechanical advantage using a drum shaped device
- 55. Tiller/wheel B. Controls the trim of the mainsail
- 56. Halyard(s)

 C. Changes the direction of the boat when its position is changed in the water
- 58. Rudder is changed in the water
 D. Controls the angle of the rudder
- 59. Winch

 E. Raises the boom to a desired height when sail is lowered
- 60. Boom topping lift F. Raises (hoist) the sails
- 61. Jibsheet(s)

 A. Changes the angle of a line
- 62. Fairlead B. Adjusts the tension of the foot of the mainsail C. Adjusts the tension of the luff of the mainsail
- 64. Block D. A nautical pulley
- 65. Outhaul E. Attaches halyard(s) to the sail
- 66. Downhaul/cunningham F. A line that controls the trim of the jib
- 67. Fenders

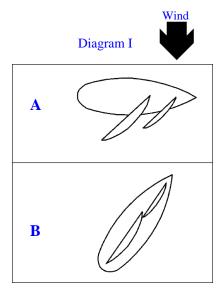
 A. Support the mast from the sides
- 68. Bow/stern lines

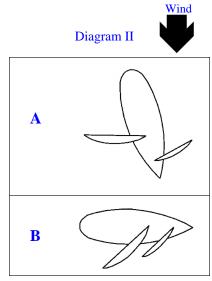
 B. Pulls the boom down and keeps it from lifting/controls sail twist
- 69. Stays

 C. Indicate the direction of the air flow over the sail
- 70. Boom vang
 D. Cushion and protect the hull
 E. Secure a boat to a dock
- 72. Shrouds F. Support the mast fore and aft (bow and stern)

If the vessel in each diagram changes from point of sail "A" to point of sail "B", which best describes the boat's actions?

- 73. Diagram I
- A. Heading up
- B. Bearing away
- 74. Diagram II
- A. Heading up
- B. Bearing away





Wind

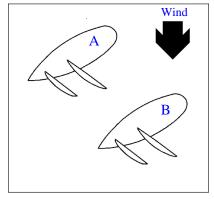
Determine which vessel is the windward vessel in each of the diagrams:

75. Diagram I 76. Diagram II

Determine the tack of the windward vessel for each of the diagrams:

77. Diagram I 78. Diagram II

- A. Starboard tack
- B. Port tack
- C. Lee tack
- D. Windward tack



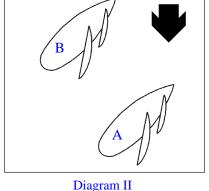
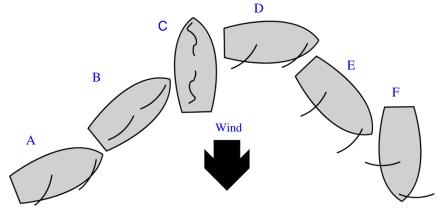


Diagram I Di

Match the letter of each boat with its point of sail.

- 79. Close hauled
- 80. Close reach
- 81. Beam reach
- 82. Head-to-wind
- 83. Running
- 84. Broad reach



Using answers only once, match the knots below with their main functions.

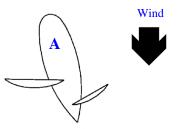
- 85. Square Knot A. Used to secure a line to a dock fitting
- 86. Bowline B. Used to connect two lines of equal diameter
- 87. Cleat Hitch C. Used to secure the jib sheet to the sail and is relatively easy to untie
- 88. Figure Eight D. Used to prevent a line from slipping through a fairlead.

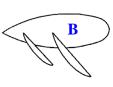
NOTE: The Rule of Prudent Seamanship would have you avoid any collision. However, there are International (high seas and connecting navigable waters) and Inland Navigation Rules, which determine who should "stand-on" (keep her course and speed) and "give-way" (take early and substantial action to keep well clear). Answer the following questions according to those rules.

The diagrams below indicate the boats' points of sail, not their proximity. You are on vessel "A".



- A. Stand-on boat
- B. Give-way boat
- 90. Which rule applies here?
 - A. A boat to leeward shall give-way to a windward boat when on the same tack.
 - B. A boat on a port tack shall give-way to a boat on a starboard tack.
 - C. A boat that is overtaking another boat must give-way.
 - D. A boat on a port tack shall give-way to a boat to windward.

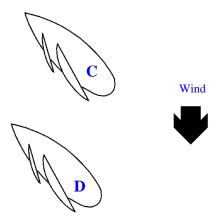




You are on vessel "C"

91. You are the:

- A. Stand-on boat
- B. Give-way boat



92. Which rule applies here?

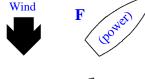
- A. A boat to leeward shall give-way to a windward boat when on the same tack.
- B. A boat on a port tack shall give-way to a boat on a starboard tack.
- C. A boat to windward shall give-way to a leeward boat when on the same tack.
- D. A boat on a port tack shall give-way to a boat to windward.

You are on vessel "E" rapidly approaching vessel "F".

93. You are the:

- A. Stand-on boat
- B. Give-way boat







- A. A boat to leeward shall give-way to a windward boat when on the same tack.
- B. A boat on a port tack shall give-way to a boat on a starboard tack.
- C. A boat that is overtaking another boat must give-way.
- D. A boat on a port tack shall give-way to a boat to windward.

You are on vessel "G"

95. You are the:

A. Stand-on boat
B. Give-way boat

96. Which rule applies here?

- A. A powerboat to windward must keep clear of a boat to leeward.
- B. A sailboat which has another on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.
- C. A sailboat, in general, has the right of way over a powerboat.
- D. A powerboat with the wind on the starboard side shall keep out of the way of a sailboat with the wind on the port side.

You are on vessel "J" approaching vessel "I" which is a commercial fishing vessel with nets out.

- 97. You are the:
 - A. Stand-on boat
 - B. Give-way boat
- 98. Which rule applies here?
 - A. A sailboat, in general, has the right of way over a power boat.
 - B. A sailboat must stay clear of a vessel engaged in commercial fishing with nets, lines, or trawls.
 - C. A vessel engaged in commercial fishing, with nets, lines or trawls, must stay clear of a sailboat.
 - D. A powerboat with the wind on the starboard side shall keep out of the way of a sailboat with the wind on the port side.

Indicate which of the hull types below best decribes the characteristics listed.

- A. Displacement Hull
- B. Planing Hull

Wind

- 99. These boats move through the water and push it aside.
- 100. These vessels generally have flatter bottoms.

Indicate which of the following sail types best matches the descriptions below.

A. Jib

- B. Mainsail
- 101. This sail should be hoisted before the other.
- 102. The tack of this sail is attached to the bow of the boat.
- 103. A float plan should be filed with _____ prior to departure.
 - A. Harbor Master
 - B. Friend or family member
 - C. Sheriff or police
 - D. Coast Guard
- 104. What vessel limitations are stamped on a manufacturer's capacity plate?
 - A. Answers B, C and D below
 - B. Maximum number of persons
 - C. Maximum combined weight of crew, gear, and motors
 - D. Maximum engine horsepower
- 105. With regard to boating and the consumption of alcohol
 - A. There are no defined regulations pertaining to alcohol consumption while boating
 - B. Alcohol consumption increases the risk of damage, injury, and boating fatalities
 - C. The U.S. Coast Guard is less concerned with alcohol consumption than illegal drug usage while boating
 - D. Some alcohol should be available to aid victims of hypothermia

Page 8

ASA Basic Keelboat Sailing Examination

- 106. A formal report must be made within ____ days of accidents involving more than \$2,000 damage or complete loss of a vessel.
 - A. 2
 - B. 5
 - C. 7
 - D. 10
- Which of the following is the *least* reliable source of local navigation information? 107.
 - A. A local sailing school
 - B. Land maps that include coastal waters
 - C. Updated charts
 - D. Experienced local sailors
- 108. Which of the following is *not* true regarding personal floatation devices (PFDs)?
 - A. You must carry one for each passenger on board
 - B. If no smaller PFDs are available, children may use adult-size PFDs
 - C. PFDs must be readily accessible
 - D. All passengers must know the location of PFDs
- 109. If you were passing between these buoys ahead you would be:



- B. traveling past a bend in a channel
- C. traveling past a restricted area
- D. traveling along a channel toward open water



- A. either in mid-channel or in safe water
- B. on the southern side of the channel
- C. on the northern side of the channel
- D. approaching a danger area



- A. in the middle of the channel
- B. on the southern side of the channel
- C. on the northern side of the channel
- D. in an area prohibited to boating

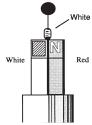


- Which of the following items is required equipment on a 23 foot sailboat with auxiliary 112. power?
 - A. Safety harness
 - B. One B-I fire extinguisher

- C. Plow anchor
- D. Seasickness medication







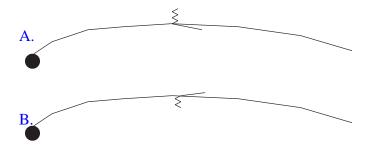
Which of the following is true regarding disposal of trash in lakes and harbors in the U.S.? 113. A. Limited dumping is allowed if you are within three miles of shore B. You may discard small items that will sink to the bottom C. It is illegal to dump any garbage in any U.S. lake, river, or harbor D. You may only discard recyclable paper products 114. What is the recommended vessel speed when rendering assistance to a person overboard? A. More than 5 knots C. 1 to 2 knots B. 3 to 5 knots D. Hull speed 115. Which is the best point of sail for a final approach to an overboard victim using the figure 8 method? A. Close Haul C. Beam Reach B. Broad Reach D. Close Reach Which of the following is *least* important when determining the maximum safe number of 116. passengers for your sailboat? A. Number of seats on the boat C. Manufacturer's capacity plate B. Number of PFDs onboard D. Weather conditions 117. Which sound signal indicates that a dangerous situation exists? A. Five short blasts C. Four short blasts B. One continuous blast D. Two long blasts 118. Which of the following can be used in determining proper sail trim? A. Telltales C. Degree of boat heel B. Luffing or "pinching" of the leading edge of the jib D. All of the above 119. Which of the following is not true regarding the figure 8 method of man overboard recovery? C. The overboard person is approached on A. The figure 8 method requires jibing a close reach with the sails luffing B. The first action is to shout "Man overboard!" D. All of the above 120. Which of the following indicates a small craft advisory? A. A single red flag with a black square C. Two red pennants, one above the other in the center D. Two red flags, each with a black square B. A single red pennant 121. Which vessel has the right of way over a sailboat? A. A tanker in a narrow channel C. A power vessel in open water B. A personal watercraft D. A runabout 122. The Good Samaritan Rule of the Federal Boat Safety Act of 1971: A. Encourages mariners to assist each other C. Protects mariners from liability when B. Describes what assistance mariners may or rendering assistance to other boats may not render needing help D. Describes which mariners may or may

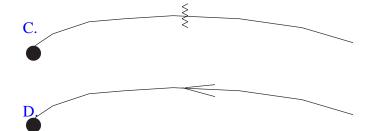
not render assistance

- 123. Which step should come first in a person overboard recovery?
 - A. Carefully tack and let the jib luff
 - B. Turn onto a broad reach

- C. Throw a buoyant object to the victim
- D. Turn onto a beam reach
- 124. Which statement is correct regarding apparent wind?
 - A. The apparent wind is in the opposite direction of the true wind
 - B. The apparent wind is always to the north
- C. The apparent wind is forward of the the true wind
- D. The apparent wind is aft of the true wind
- 125. Which light must be displayed in addition to running lights for a 25 foot sailboat when under power at night?
 - A. An all around white light
 - B. A white light that shines forward of the mast
- C. A flashing amber light at the bow
- D. A 360 degree white light at the top of the
- 126. With regard to sailing in the vicinity of commercial shipping, which statement below is true?
 - A. Use five short blasts to identify yourself as a sailing vessel
 - B. Cross the shipping lane quickly, at a right angle
- C. The Coast Guard rule "make way for tonnage" applies
- D. Sailboats have right of way over all under power in all situations

- 127. Weather helm is:
 - A. the tendency of a boat to round up into the wind.
 - B. the tendency of a boat to bear away from the wind.
- C. the tendency of a boat to heel excessively
- D. the tendency of the helm to move erratically
- 128. Which diagram shows the telltales on a sail that is eased too far?





- 129. Which is the primary danger of sailing by the lee?
 - A. Falling overboard.
 - B. Scratching the hull.

- C. Running aground.
- D. Jibing accidentally.
- 130. On what point of sail is the boat at biggest risk of an accidental jibe?
 - A. While tacking
 - B. While reaching

- C. While running or sailing by the lee
- D. When "in irons"

ABCDEF	ABCDEF	ABCDEF	ABCDEF
1 000000	34 000000	67 000000	100 000000
2 000000	35 00000	68 00000	101 000000
3 000000	36 00000	69 00000	102 0 0 0 0 0
4 00000	37 00000	70 000000	103 0 0 0 0 0 0
5 00000	38 00000	71 000000	104 0 0 0 0 0 0
6 00000	39 00000	72 00000	105 0 0 0 0 0 0
7 000000	40 00000	73 00000	106 0 0 0 0 0 0
8 00000	41 000000	74 00000	107 0 0 0 0 0 0
9 00000	42 00000	75 00000	108 0 0 0 0 0 0
10 000000	43 00000	76 000000	109 0 0 0 0 0 0
11 000000	44 000000	77 000000	110 000000
12 00000	45 00000	78 00000	111 000000
13 000000	46 00000	79 00000	112 0 0 0 0 0 0
14 000000	47 00000	80 00000	113 00000
15 00000	48 00000	81 000000	114 000000
16 00000	49 00000	82 00000	115 00000
17 000000	50 00000	83 00000	116 000000
18 000000	51 000000	84 00000	117 000000
19 000000	52 00000	85 00000	118 000000
20 0 0 0 0 0 0	53 00000	86 00000	119 000000
21 000000	54 00000	87 00000	120 0 0 0 0 0 0
22 00000	55 00000	88 00000	121 000000
23 00000	56 00000	89 00000	122 0 0 0 0 0 0
24 000000	57 00000	90 0 0 0 0 0 0	123 0 0 0 0 0 0
25 0 0 0 0 0	58 00000	91 00000	124 0 0 0 0 0 0
26 00000	59 00000	92 0 0 0 0 0	125 0 0 0 0 0 0
27 00000	60 00000	93 00000	126 0 0 0 0 0 0
28 00000	61 000000	94 00000	127 0 0 0 0 0 0
29 0 0 0 0 0	62 00000	95 00000	128 0 0 0 0 0 0
30 00000	63 00000	96 00000	129 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 000000	64 00000	97 00000	130 0 0 0 0 0 0
32 000000	65 00000	98 00000	
33 00000	66 00000	99 00000	

OCANDIDATE INFORMATION:

Examination #

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REQUEST FOR OFFICIAL ASA CERTIFICATION

PLEASE COMPLETE FULLY AND PRINT CLEARLY

CANDIDATE PLEASE NOTE

To ensure that you become officially certified these steps must be taken: 1. Your Instructor must sign your Log Book in the appropriate section immediately after successfully completing this Examination.

- 2. Your Instructor must forward this Examination to ASA according to prescribed procedures.
- Seal within a reasonable amount of time after completing this Examination, usually less than 30 days, contact your Instructor to determine if he or she Certification Seal directly to you. If you do not receive your Certification 3. Within 10 days of receiving your examination the ASA will mail your has processed your documents.

formed before this examination can be considered to be satisfactorily wing sailing skills, minimally one time or continuously as specified. All

MINATION OF SAILING SKILLS **BOAT SAILING EXAMINATION**

Phone #

box below signifies that the ASA Instructor has witnessed the

nd and sea conditions, demonstrating proper safety precautions.

HE ASA INSTRUCTOR INDICATED TO THE RIGHT

A. TO BE COMPLETED BY CANDIDATE

I request the following be sent to my address: ASA membership information Other	I request the ASA member Signature.
	Signature
quest the following be sent to my address:	I request the ASA member
I am a current member of the ASA ves, give member #	I am a curr
no If yes, name of facility	و ا
I was previously certified to the ASA	was previ

to wind) and, using proper rudder control and backing of

at proper time, properly controlled mainsheet (mainsail)

As crew - gave proper response, released jib sheet

the sails, sailed off in a predetermined direction

LUFFING UP, STOPPING AND GETTING OUT OF "IRONS"

□35. As helmsman- brought boat to a close reach

□36. As crew- eased the sheets to stop the boat (complete luff)

□37. As helmsman and crew- Placed the boat "in irons" (head

As crew - eased and then trimmed sheets correctly

□ 33. As helmsman- sailed further from wind

SEARING AWAY

I certify that I have personally examined this Candidate in accordance been found fully proficient in both the Sailing Knowledge and Sailing with the ASA Basic Keelboat Sailing Standard and that he/she has Skills requirements having attained the following scores:

MAN OVERBOARD (PFD) PERFORMED BY HELMSMAN boat (opposite tack, same tack, sail meeting power,

Assigned spotter/Called MOB/Deployed a PFD

Controlled the event with confidence

Figure 8

142. 143. 145. 146.

Quickly turned boat to a beam or broad reach Used proper approach (close reach) with

Tacked under control

Discussed bringing an exhausted person aboard

□49.

□ 48.

over the transom or over the side Stopped the boat next to "victim"

OWERING SAILS

□21. As helmsman - executed maneuver smartly
□22. As crew - gave proper responses, released sheets at

proper time,

steady course)

□23. As crew - retrimmed sheets correctly.

JIBING
□24. As helmsman - used proper commands
□25. As helmsman - selected then sailed new heading

(steady course)

□19. As helmsman - used proper commands
□20. As helmsman - selected then sailed a new heading

□18. As crew - set sails properly TACKING

Brought boat near head to wind

□50.

reduced speed and controlled contact

As helmsman - demonstrated proper basic steering

Sailed backwards for 25 yards with sails aback

39. 140. 141.

Sailed by-the-lee for 100 yards

STEERING (helmsman)

and sailing rules as both a give-way and stand-on

Knowledge	%(Pass 80%) Score from USCG Auxiliary Exam
Skills	% (Pass 100%)
This Examination	This Examination of sailing skills was performed aboard the following
sailboat: Class/Type	[ype
Type of rig	f rig
Furthermore, I ha	Furthermore, I have signed and dated his or her personal Log Book in
the appropriate c	the appropriate certification space.
ASA Instructor's Name	Name
Current Highest I	Current Highest Level of Instructor
ASA Membership #) # Expiration Date

| 52. Attended to topping lift | 52. Attended to topping lift | 53. Lowered and secured jib and sheets | 54. Attended to topping lift | 55. Attended and bagged jib and/or main (with assistance) | 55. Secured and coiled halyards and other lines | 55. Secured and coiled halyards and other lines | 56. Bowline (20 seconds or less) | 56. Bowline (20 seconds or less) | 57. Figure eight (15 seconds or less) | 58. Cleat hitch (15 seconds or less) | 59. Clove hitch (16 seconds or less) | 50. Clove hitch (20 seconds or less) | 50. Square or reef knot (20 seconds or less) | 50. Square or reef knot (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two half hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50. Round turn and two hitches (20 seconds or less) | 50.

| 26. As helmsman - properly controlled mainsheet (mainsail) |
| 27. As helmsman - executed maneuver smartly |
| 28. As crew - released sheet with proper timing |
| 29. As crew - retirined sheets control |
| 30. As crew - retirined sheets correctly |
| HEADING UP |
| 31. As helmsman - sailed closer to wind |
| 32. As crew - timmed sails correctly |

	Date
Name of Certification Facility	nstructor's Signature